

東京オリンピック・パラリンピック競技大会における  
新型コロナウイルス感染症対策調整会議（第4回）

〔 日時：令和2年10月27日(火) 15:30～16:15 〕  
〔 場所：総理大臣官邸2階 大ホール 〕

議 事 次 第

1. 開 会
2. 議 事
  - (1) アスリートの保健衛生・医療・療養機能について
  - (2) 大会関係者への対応について
  - (3) 有識者からの意見等
3. 閉 会

<配布資料>

資料1 (論点①)アスリートの保健衛生・医療・療養機能について

資料2 (論点②)陽性者発生時の競技運営のあり方について

資料3 (論点③)アスリート以外の関係者について

# Athletes' Health and Hygiene, Medical Care, and Medical Treatment Functions (Draft)

## 1 Basic Idea

- At the 2nd and 3rd Coordination Meetings for COVID-19, thorough border measures, infection prevention measures for managing athletes in closed areas, and rules on behavior have been examined.
  - \* Athletes: In addition to athletes, team officials (directors, coaches), para-athlete assistants, trainers, training partners, caddies, staff, doctors, etc. are included. Details to be discussed going forward.
- On top of that, it is necessary to consider what to do when an athlete becomes infected or suspected of being infected.
- In areas where athletes are concentrated, such as the Olympic and Paralympic Village, it is necessary to take measures based on the impact on each area from the perspective of maintaining the health and medical functions of the area.
- In addition, if an athlete becomes infected, it will have a direct impact on the operation of the Games, such as whether or not to participate in the competition, therefore it would be necessary to have a system in which the administrative infectious disease control department and the organisations responsible for the Games management, such as the Organising Committee, can work closely together.

How about considering specific measures based on the following (1) and (2)?  
Details to be considered with IOC, IPC, IF, etc. going forward.

### (1) Strengthening of health and hygiene functions for athletes

It would be necessary to have a function that can centrally work on prompt initial response to athletes' infectious diseases, information sharing of related departments, and various health and hygiene responses (responses based on laws and regulations such as the Infectious Diseases Control Law)

- ① Establishment of Organising Committee Infectious Disease Control Center (tentative name)
- ② Construction of health and hygiene base function
- ③ Effective athlete's health monitoring and behavior tracking

### (2) Strengthening medical and medical treatment functions for athletes

A system is needed to promptly provide medical and testing opportunities to athletes suspected of being infected.

- ① Securing medical institutions for athletes to see and be hospitalized
- ② Securing accommodation for mild/asymptomatic cases
- ③ Strengthening local health care functions

# Strengthening of health and hygiene functions for athletes (Draft)

## 1 Establishment of Organising Committee Infectious Disease Control Centre (tentative name)

Establish the Organising Committee Infectious Disease Control Centre (tentative name) within the Main Operation Center (MOC) of the Organising Committee, which serves as a hub for information sharing in the operation of the Games, to strengthen the incident management function for infectious disease control in the operation of the Games so as to centrally promote measures against infectious diseases in cooperating with the Olympic and Paralympic Village Polyclinic and the health and hygiene base function.

### 1) Monitoring and support of athletes' health status

Based on the impact on the operation of the Games, consistent monitoring of the health status of athletes until the end of the Games, early testing for suspected infections, early detection of positives, and provide necessary support to be conducted.

### 2) Information sharing and contact / coordination when a positive person occurs

Since there are a wide variety of athletes and people involved in the Games, and their behaviors are different, when a positive person occurs, the behavior history and contact status are checked for each group to which the person concerned belongs and prompt information sharing and necessary contacts and adjustments shall be made.

## 2 Construction of health and hygiene base function

In order to strengthen the administrative health and hygiene function of the areas where athletes are concentrated, such as the Olympic and Paralympic Village, the construction of a health and hygiene base function, such as providing survey assistance as necessary with the involvement of experts should be considered. Specific functions and systems will be coordinated and examined with related parties going forward.

### 1) Smooth health observation, hospitalization / transportation adjustment etc.

In cooperation with the Organising Committee Infectious Disease Control Centre (tentative name), NOC and NPC, etc., consider selecting hospitalized medical institutions for health observation and examinations, and coordinating patient transportation etc..

### 2) Epidemiological investigations such as identification of close contacts

At the health and hygiene base function, receive information such as athletes' behavior records and contact records obtained by NOCs and NPCs through the Organising Committee Infectious Disease Control Center (tentative name), and consider a system to carry out epidemiological surveys appropriately and smoothly.

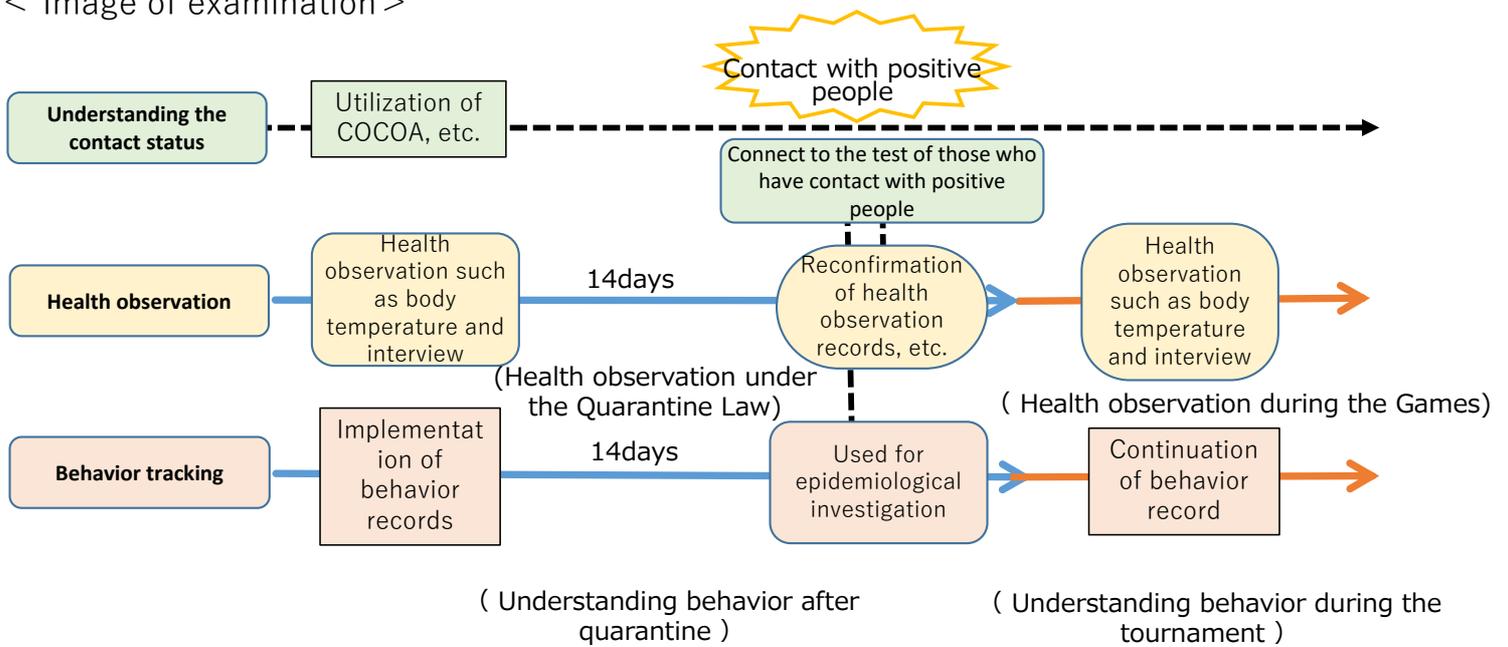
For athletes, in order to accurately and smoothly identify close contacts and make inspection judgments, etc., with the advice of experts, procedures / patterns and inspection procedures for identifying close contacts are created in advance, and inspection results are obtained. It is important to prepare the isolation destination until the result is found and share it with the parties concerned.

### 3 Efficiency of health monitoring and behavior tracking of athlete

In order to **detect** the onset of athletes at an early stage and efficiently conduct epidemiological surveys after the onset, continuous health observation and behavior tracking are to be considered.

Examining measures that lead to efficient information management and quick initial action when positive people occur by using combined digital tools would be suggested.

< Image of examination >



\* Continue to consider the frequency of tests conducted in each situation for athletes' health management and the method of continuous management of test information.

# Strengthening medical and medical treatment functions for athletes (Draft)

## 1 Securing medical institutions for athletes to see and be hospitalized

### 1) Fever outpatient clinic etc. set up at the Olympic and Paralympic Village Polyclinic

Strengthen the functions of the polyclinic set up in the Village, and consider setting up a fever outpatient clinic that provides medical care for infectious disease symptoms such as fever, and a branch lab that is a private testing institution that promptly inspects.

### 2) Securing hospitalized medical institutions

When requesting medical care to athletes from a designated hospital \*, etc., the human and equipment burdens involved in hospitalization and discharge procedures for patients with new coronavirus infections and in-hospital infection protection measures, and involvement in athletes' participation in competitions, it is necessary to consider the following development of the acceptance environment in consideration of the peculiarities such as, and the impact on regional medical care.

\* The Games designated hospital: A rear hospital that accepts athletes and the Games officials who need to be hospitalized during the Tokyo 2020 Games. Conclude an agreement with the Organizing Committee in advance.

① Consider clarifying in advance the flow from consultation to hospitalization for athletes, the flow from discharge to return to native country, emergency contact system, etc. so as to contribute to reducing the burden of examinations, diagnoses, procedures, etc. at the Games designated hospitals, etc.

② Considering the capacity of the Games designated hospitals, it may be necessary to have a supplementary system by hospitals other than the designated hospitals.

③ Relief of human and equipment burden (securing beds, securing medical personnel, repairing facilities and equipment)

④ Avoiding impact on hospital management to secure regional medical care

⑤ Securing a multilingual support system at the host medical institution etc.

## 2 Securing accommodation for mild/asymptomatic cases

it is necessary to secure accommodations for athletes with mild/asymptomatic cases

① Examining how to secure and operate facilities

② Consider efficient health observation during medical treatment, such as using digital tools for health observation.

③ It might be efficient to check the health condition during medical treatment with the cooperation of team doctors.

## 3 Strengthening local health care functions

Consider measures to support smooth cooperation and cooperation in the region so as to contribute to both smooth operation of the Games and the local health care system during the Games.

\* In branch villages, etc., continue to consider based on this system

## 1. Basic Approach

- As response to those testing positive would affect if athletes can participate in competitions, is it necessary to establish uniform response in advance?
- On the other hand, when identifying persons who have had close contact, should considerations be made from the standpoint of the nature of sport, e.g. team sport vs individual sport, contact sports such as martial arts, etc.?
- Consultation with IOC, IPC and each IF is necessary. In particular, information shall be collected from each IF regarding guideline regulations and response at current international competitions, etc. to use as reference for planning.

## 2. Main Discussion Points

- ① Response to those asymptomatic but testing positive  
As positive status directly affects whether athletes can participate in competitions, should we take symptomatic/asymptomatic status into account upon testing, and determine procedures in advance such as implementing multiple tests upon receipt of test results suggesting a positive case?
- ② Identifying “persons in close contact”  
Should a list of persons suspected of being in close contact be made in advance in order to contribute to swift identification of persons in close contact? In doing so, in addition to behavior/activity history, etc. in the Olympic and Paralympic Village of persons suspected of infection, how should we take into consideration the characteristics of each sport when determining whether matches and trainings, etc. fall under close contact?
- ③ Whether or not “persons in close contact” and “persons listed in advance as suspected of being in close contact” can participate in competitions  
Is it necessary to determine in advance, based on experts’ opinions, whether those who have had close contact (or those listed as suspected of being in close contact) be disqualified immediately or allowed to participate if a certain condition (e.g. negative result from a subsequent test by the time of competition, etc.) is fulfilled?
- ④ Impact on competition operations  
The requirements for competition to be held in the event of a vacancy have already been established for each IF. However, there is a possibility that the number of vacancies may exceed previous expectations. Therefore, it is necessary to confirm with IFs whether further review should take place in light of this possibility. In addition, as new tasks will include disinfection at venues, etc., what kind of added measures (e.g. quick identification of locations to disinfect and disinfection methods) will be necessary?

## 1. Cases needing deliberation

- (1) Organisers, etc. (① Organisers, etc. (IOC, IPC, NOC, NPC, IF, Marketing Partner (MP)) ② International and Domestic Dignitaries)  
(2) Media (Olympic Broadcast Services (OBS), broadcasting rights holders (RHB), and media outlets/press (PRS) )  
(3) Games Staff (① Staff ② Games volunteers ③ Contractors)

## 2. Discussion Points

### ★ Basic Stance

=>The approach for Games stakeholders other than athletes shall take into consideration the handling of athletes—indispensable to the Games—and ticketholding spectators, etc. Measures should be considered according to the degree of involvement with Games operations, position, content of work, amount of contact with athletes, etc.

### ★ Major Discussion Points

- \* Border measures upon departing from the origin country and entry into Japan for overseas nationals (scope, approach to restrictions on behavior/activities during 14-day quarantine period; refers to following points on codes of conduct, accommodation, transport.)
- \* Codes of Conduct (rules of behavior/activities, limiting range of destination and movement, etc.)
- \* Accommodation
- \* Transport
- \* Contact with Athletes
- \* Testing and Contingency Response (to be considered going forward)

## 3. Organisers, etc.

### ★ Target

- ① Organisers, etc.
  - \* Assuming IOC, IPC, NOC, NPC, IF, and marketing partners (MP).

- ② International and Domestic Dignitaries
  - \* Assuming head of state-level international dignitaries, ministerial-level international dignitaries, domestic dignitaries
  - \* The approach for dignitaries shall be considered separately. For international dignitaries, cooperation with governments, embassies and diplomatic channels will be necessary to coordinate on border measures, etc. upon entry.

### ★ Basic Approach, Border Measures upon Entry into Japan

- \* Regarding overseas nationals among organisers, etc., rules of behavior/activities following entry into Japan under the necessary preventative border measures will be considered according to each participant's characteristics.

### ★ Codes of Conduct during the Games

- \* In order to ensure safe and secure Games operations, rules of behavior/activities (including movement and destination) will be developed. Applying to off-duty hours will also be considered.

### ★ Accommodation

- \* Accommodation will include both hotels provided by Tokyo 2020, and hotels arranged independently.
- \* Hotels in which regular guests will also be staying will be requested to take measures against COVID-19 based on industry guidelines.

### ★ Transport

- \* In the plan prior to postponement, transportation will depend on the target group. Elements include vehicles arranged by the Organising Committee, vehicles arranged independently, and public transportation.
- \* It is necessary to consider transportation rules for visitors from overseas.

(Continued to Next Page)

### 3. Organisers, etc. (continued)

#### ★Contact with Athletes

- \* Some persons will take part in medal ceremonies as presenters. (Presenter selection is usually made the day before the medal ceremony.) The medal ceremony shall be held by devising measures such as thorough implementation of basic infection control measures (social distancing during standby, wearing masks, hand disinfection, etc.).
- \* Other contact with athletes shall be minimised per the rules of behavior/activities to be stated.
- \* Regarding NOC/NPC and IF-related persons who will be in contact with athletes (※), accommodation, transportation and testing shall be examined separately in order to ensure a safe and secure Games.

※ Assuming NOC/NPC stakeholders such as Additional Team Officials (ATO) supporting athlete activities and NOC/NPC Presidents serving as athlete delegation leaders, overseas referees/International Technical Officials (ITO), domestic referees/National Technical Officials (NTO), and IF staff essential for competition operations.

### 4. Media

#### ★Target

- \* Assuming Olympic Broadcasting Services (OBS), broadcasting rights holders (RHB), and media outlets/press (PRS).
- \* OBS will create the international broadcast video signal. RHBs will broadcast and distribute to each country. PRS will report.

#### ★Basic Approach, Border Measures upon Entry into Japan

- \* Usually, most media come to Japan one week before or just before the opening ceremony. Due to other requests for interviews, there are very few media available for early entry to quarantine for 14 days, considering the opportunity cost and additional cost of self-isolation for 14 days.  
For this reason, rules of behavior/activities for media following entry into Japan under the necessary preventative border measures will be considered according to their characteristics.

#### ★Codes of Conduct during the Games

- \* In order to ensure safe and secure Games operations, rules of behavior/activities (including destinations, e.g. competition venues, IBC/MPC, Olympic and Paralympic Village, training venues, embassies and high performance training centers of each country) will be developed. Applying to off-duty hours will also be considered.
- \* The rules of behavior/activities for media need to be coordinated in line with freedom of news-gathering activities.

#### ★Accommodation

- \* Accommodation will include both hotels provided by Tokyo 2020 and hotels arranged independently.
- \* Hotels in which regular guests will also be staying will be requested to take measures against COVID-19 based on industry guidelines.

#### ★Transport

- \* In the plan prior to postponement, the premise was that public transportation will be used. (Public transportation to be used at arrival to and departure from Japan. Vehicles arranged by the Organising Committee and public transportation to be used during Games time.)
- \* It is necessary to consider transportation rules for visitors from overseas.

#### ★Contact with Athletes (Countermeasures in Mixed Zones, etc.)

[During interviews with athletes]

- \* Rules to be established such as using shields, etc. to maintain a certain distance between media and athletes (in press conferences, Mixed Zones at venues, etc.).
- \* Interview methods such as online systems to be considered
- \* Additionally, consider reducing the number of staff to avoid creating crowds.

(Continued to Next Page)

## 4. Media (continued)

### ★ Contact with Athletes (Countermeasures in Mixed Zones, etc.) (continued)

[Media facilities such as MPC and Venue Media Centers, etc.]

- \* Maintain a certain distance by limiting the number of entrants, etc. and avoid creating congestion to prevent the risk of infection among media.

## 5. Games Staff

### ★ Target

- ① Staff
  - \* Mainly people consistently involved from preparations through Games time.
- ② Games Volunteers (※)
  - \* Most participants will be involved from just before Games time. Some will participate in test events.
  - \* Persons living overseas include experts in areas for which it is difficult to secure domestic personnel, such as those with various experiences in international competitions or those with fluency in minority languages
  - ※ City Volunteers will be discussed in the upcoming 5<sup>th</sup> Coordination meeting.
- ③ Contractors
  - \* Contractors in Japan and overseas. Contract business covers a wide range of Games operations (e.g. venue operation, security, transportation, food and beverage, cleaning, etc.).
  - \* Persons living overseas include those essential to Games operations (e.g. those engaged in competition measurements, in development of venues and temporary power supply, etc.).

### ★ Basic Approach

- \* Thorough implementation of basic behavior to prevent infection.
- \* Further thorough measures need to be taken, including testing, for those who have contact with athletes.

### ★ Border Measures upon Entry into Japan

- \* For experts (contractors, etc.) essential for the Games to be held, rules of behavior/activities following entry into Japan under the necessary preventative border measures will be considered. Some of them will need to visit Japan a few months prior to the Games.
- \* Some volunteers from overseas will no longer be able to participate or will be subject to restrictions on behavior/activities after entry into Japan. Volunteers living in Japan shall be considered to fill any necessary roles resulting from this.

### ★ Codes of Conduct during the Games

- \* In order to ensure safe and secure Games operations, rules of behavior/activities (including movement and destination) to be separately developed. Self-management via a health management sheet to be requested. Applying to off-duty hours will also be considered.
- \* Volunteers may be asked also to play a role in cleaning/sanitizing common items at venues.

### ★ Accommodation

- \* Some of the accommodation facilities will be hotels arranged by Tokyo 2020. Most accommodation will be hotels arranged independently or individuals' homes.
- \* Hotels in which regular guests will also be staying will be requested to take measures against COVID-19 based on industry guidelines.

### ★ Transport

- \* In the plan prior to postponement, the premise was that public transportation will be used upon arrival to & departure from Japan and throughout the Games.
- \* It is necessary to consider transportation rules for visitors from overseas.

(Continued to Next Page)

## 5. Games Staff (continued)

### ★ Contact with Athletes, Testing

- \* Further thorough measures need to be taken including testing for those who have contact with athletes. [repeat]
- \* Persons who have contact with athletes are assumed to be those who work and act within touching distance of athletes in an environment where basic measures (wearing masks, etc.) cannot be taken, or those who work or transit with athletes for a long period of time while basic measures are taken.

### [Reference] Examples of Basic Codes of Conduct expected to be Common

- \* Avoidance of 3Cs (closed spaces, crowded places, close-contact settings) and securing of social distance
- \* Thorough use of masks
- \* Thorough hand-washing and hand disinfection
- \* Observe coughing etiquettes, do not speak loudly
- \* Observance of rules for meals and breaks
- \* Refrain from handshaking and high fives, etc.
- \* Cleaning of common-use items, etc.
- \* Thorough indoor ventilation
- \* Thorough management of health condition
- \* Restrictions on behavior/activities during on and off-duty hours

\* In addition to the above, a set of rules of behavior/activities tailored to situations such as entry into Japan and at competition venues, etc. will be arranged per stakeholder group going forward.